February25, 2015

The Honorable Susan Collins United State Senate Washington, D.C. 20510 The Honorable Chuck Schumer United States Senate Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Senator Collins and Senator Schumer:

Thank you for introducing the bipartisan Home Health Care Planning Improvement Act of 2015. We, the undersigned groups, pledge our continued support of your efforts to obtain passage of this important legislation in the 114th Congress. As you know, the bill authorizes nurse practitioners, clinical nurse specialists, certified nurse-midwives and physician assistants as eligible health care professionals who can certify patient eligibility for home health care services under Medicare. This critical change would improve access to important home health care services, and potentially prevent additional hospital, sub-acute care facility and nursing home admissions—all of which are costly to the consumer, the taxpayer and Medicare.

The undersigned organizations are committed to ensuring that consumers have access to health care providers who are qualified, educated, and certified to provide high quality primary care, chronic care management, and other services that keep them living a high quality life, with dignity, in locations of their choice.

Although current law has long recognized advanced practice registered nurses and physician assistants as authorized Medicare providers, and allows these clinicians to certify eligibility for nursing home care for their patients, it precludes these same practitioners from certifying patient eligibility for home health care services. This is an unnecessary barrier to care and adds at least one more step in the process of accessing home health care services by requiring the provider to find a physician to certify eligibility. In addition, time delays to locate a physician to certify eligibility, particularly in rural and underserved areas, can result in an extended hospital stay or nursing home admission because the beneficiary could not be moved back to or remain at home without home health care services.

There are decades of data supporting the ability of these providers to deliver high quality care to people of all ages, including Medicare recipients with multiple chronic conditions. Advanced practice registered nurses are often the only care providers available in health professional shortage areas such as urban, rural, and frontier regions. Given the existing and future projected primary care physician shortages, and the coming of increased numbers of Medicare eligible patients, the need will be even greater for all qualified providers to be allowed to certify home health care eligibility. The Home Health Care Planning Improvement Act would help to ensure that Medicare beneficiaries in need of home health care services whose providers are nurse practitioners, clinical nurse specialists, certified nurse midwives, and physician assistants would be able to directly access home health care by referral from their providers. This bill would provide beneficiaries continued access to care and increase the likelihood that they would experience better health and a higher quality of life. Additionally, outside experts assessed the impact of the bill earlier last year and projected a Medicare savings of \$7.1 million in 2015 and up to a ten-year savings of \$252.6 million.¹This analysis also notes the potential to reduce beneficiary admissions to and lengths of stay in institutional settings under the policy change.

We appreciate your continued leadership and are committed to working with you to ensure that this bipartisan legislation is passed and placed on the President's desk for signature at the first opportunity. The time is now to ensure that patients have timely access to the quality, cost effective care they need. For any questions, please contactgovernmentaffairs@aanp.org or 703-740-2529.

Thank you for your help.

Sincerely,

AARP

AFT Nurses and Health Professionals AMDA- The Society for Post-Acute and Long-Term Care Medicine Alzheimer's Foundation of America American Academy of Nursing American Academy of Physician Assistants American Association of Colleges of Nursing American Association of Heart Failure Nurses American Association of Nurse Practitioners American Association of Occupational Health Nurses American College of Nurse-Midwives American Geriatrics Society American Nephrology Nurses' Association American Nurses Association American Organization of Nurse Executives

¹Dobson DaVanzo & Associates, LLC, "Updated Report: Impact of The Home Health Care Planning Improvement Act (H.R. 2504; S. 1332) on Medicare Expenditures," March 25, 2014.

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American Pediatric Surgical Nurses Association American Psychiatric Nurses Association Association of Community Health Nursing Educators Association of Public Health Nurses Association of Rehabilitation Nurses Center for Medicare Advocacy Gerontological Advance Practice Nurses Association International Society of Psychiatric-Mental Health Nurses The Jewish Federations of North America Justice in Aging Leading Age Medicare Rights Center National Academy of Elder Law Attorneys National Association for Home Care & Hospice National Association of Clinical Nurse Specialists National Association of Neonatal Nurses National Association of Neonatal Nurse Practitioners National Association of Pediatric Nurse Practitioners National Association of Professional Geriatric Care Managers National Black Nurses Association National Committee to Preserve Social Security and Medicare National Consumer Voice for Quality Long-Term Care National Council on Aging National Organization of Nurse Practitioner Faculties Organization for Associate Degree Nursing OWL- The Voice of Women 40+ Public Health Nursing Section, American Public Health Association VNAA – The Visiting Nurse Associations of America Women's Institute for a Secure Retirement

cc:The Honorable Harry Reid The Honorable Richard Durbin The Honorable Mitch McConnell The Honorable John Cornyn The Honorable John Thune Senate Finance Committee members